

**SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF DEDICATORY INSTRUMENTS  
for  
WEDGEWOOD PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.**

THE STATE OF TEXAS §  
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§  
COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY §

The undersigned, being the authorized representative of Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc. (the "Association"), a property owners' association as defined in Section 202.001 of the Texas Property Code, hereby supplements instrument entitled "Notice of Dedicatory Instruments for Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc." recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Montgomery County, Texas under Clerk's File No. 2025117676 (the "Notice") was filed of record for the purpose of complying with Section 202.006 of the Texas Property Code.

Additional Dedicatory Instrument. In addition to the Dedicatory Instruments identified in the Notice, the following document is a Dedicatory Instrument governing the Association.

- Governing Documents Enforcement and Fine Policy for Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc.

A true and correct copy of such Dedicatory Instrument is attached to this Supplemental Notice.

This Supplemental Notice is being recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Montgomery County, Texas for the purpose of complying with Section 202.006 of the Texas Property Code.

Executed on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of November, 2025.

## WEDGEWOOD PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

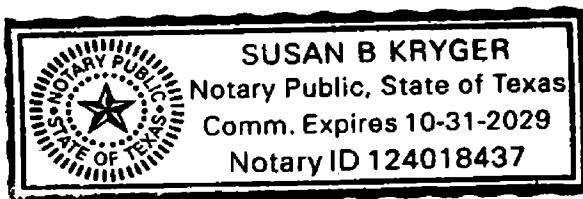
By:

  
Eric B. Tonsul, authorized representative

THE STATE OF TEXAS  
COUNTY OF HARRIS

BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, on this 21<sup>st</sup> day of November, 2025 personally appeared Eric B. Tonsul, authorized representative of Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc., known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that he executed the same for the purpose and in the capacity therein expressed.

  
G. R. K. S.  
Notary Public in and for the State of Texas



GOVERNING DOCUMENTS ENFORCEMENT AND FINE POLICY  
*for*  
WEDGEWOOD PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

THE STATE OF TEXAS §  
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§  
COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY §

I, Mary Jo Gillum, Secretary of Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc. (the "Association"), certify that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Association (the "Board") duly called and held on the 20th day of November, 2025, with at least a quorum of the Board members being present and remaining throughout, and being duly authorized to transact business, the following Governing Documents Enforcement and Fine Policy ("Policy") was approved by not less than a majority of the Board members in attendance.

## RECITALS:

1. Article 21, Section 21.13 of the Declaration authorizes the Association to enforce all covenants, conditions and restrictions set forth in the Declaration and to levy fines against an Owner for violations of the Governing Documents, subject to compliance with notice requirements imposed by law.
2. Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code sets forth notice requirements prior to the commencement of enforcement action, including the imposition of fines.
3. The Board of Directors desires to adopt a policy relating to the enforcement of the Declaration and the other Governing Documents of the Association consistent with Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code.
4. This Policy supersedes and replaces any previously recorded fine and enforcement policy.

**WITNESSETH:**

It is the policy of the Association to enforce its Governing Documents (as defined herein) as provided below.

## Section 1. Definitions.

Capitalized terms used in this Policy have the following meanings:

1.1. **Declaration** - The Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, Assessments, Charges, Servitudes, Liens, Reservations, and Easements (Single Family) recorded in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Montgomery County, Texas under Clerk's

File No. 8408127, as amended and supplemented.

1.2. **Governing Documents** - Each document governing the establishment, maintenance or operation of the properties within the Community, as more particularly defined in Section 202.001(1) of the Texas Property Code.

Other capitalized terms used in this Policy, but not defined herein, have the same meanings as that ascribed to them in the Declaration.

**Section 2. Types of Violations.** Section 209.006 of the Texas Property Code refers to curable violations, uncurable violations, and violations which are considered a threat to public health or safety. The types of violations are addressed below.

2.1. **Curable Violations** - By way of example and not in limitation, the Texas Property Code lists the following as examples of curable violations:

- a. a parking violation;
- b. a maintenance violation;
- c. the failure to construct improvements or modifications in accordance with approved plans and specifications; and
- d. an ongoing noise violation such as a barking dog.

2.2. **Uncurable Violation** - A violation that has occurred but is not a continuous action or a condition capable of being remedied by affirmative action. By way of example and not in limitation, the Texas Property Code lists the following as examples of uncurable violations:

- a. an act constituting a threat to health or safety;
- b. discharging fireworks;
- c. a noise violation that is not ongoing; and
- d. holding a garage sale or other event prohibited by the Governing Documents.

2.3. **Violation that is a Threat to Public Health or Safety** - Per the Texas Property Code, a violation that could materially affect the physical health or safety of an ordinary resident.

As provided in this Policy, there are two (2) enforcement procedures to be followed depending upon whether the violation is curable *and* does not pose a threat to public health or safety or whether the violation is uncurable *and/or* poses a threat to public health or safety. If there is reasonable uncertainty as to whether a violation is curable or uncurable or a threat to public health or safety, the Board has the authority to make the determination and, therefore, to decide which enforcement procedure will be followed. Provided that, this Policy will not be construed to impose an obligation on the Board to pursue enforcement action with respect to a violation or alleged

violation if the Board, in its reasonable good faith judgment, decides that enforcement action is not warranted or necessary.

**Section 3. Enforcement - Curable Violations That Do Not Pose a Threat to Public**

**Health or Safety.** If a violation is curable and does not pose a threat to public health or safety, the Owner will be given a reasonable period to cure the violation, as provided below. The time period given to an Owner may vary depending upon the violation and the difficulty involved or the effort required to cure the violation. The Board of Directors may, but is not obligated to, consider any special circumstance relating to the violation and the cost to cure the violation. The enforcement procedure for this type of violation is as follows:

3.1. **Courtesy Letter (Optional)** – Upon verification of a violation, a courtesy letter may be sent to the Owner describing the violation and requesting that the Owner cure the violation within a stated time period. The Association is not required to send a courtesy letter.

3.2. **Violation Letter (Optional)** – After the expiration of the time set forth in the courtesy letter, if a courtesy letter is sent, or as the initial notice, a violation letter may be sent to the Owner. Depending on the severity of the violation and/or the history of prior violations on the Owner's Lot, the violation letter may be the first letter sent to the Owner. The Association is not required to send a violation letter. If sent, the violation letter will include:

- a. a description of the violation;
- b. the action required to correct the violation;
- c. the time by which the violation must be corrected; and
- d. notice that if the violation is not corrected within the time provided or if there is a subsequent violation of the same restriction, a fine may be imposed or other enforcement action may be initiated.

3.3. **Demand Letter** – Either upon initial verification of a violation, or after the expiration of the time period stated in the courtesy letter and/or violation letter, if sent, a demand letter may be sent to the Owner. The demand letter must be sent by certified mail or by any method of mailing for which evidence of mailing is provided by the United States Postal Service or a common carrier. The demand letter must be sent to the Owner's last known address as shown in the records of the Association, as well as by any other method that the Board determines will cause the demand letter to be received by the Owner. Depending on the severity of the violation and/or the history of prior violations on the Owner's Lot, the demand letter may be the first letter sent (rather than a courtesy letter and/or a violation letter), as determined by the Board in its sole discretion.

3.4. **Content of the Demand Letter** – The demand letter will include the following:

- a. a description of the violation that is the basis for the enforcement action, suspension action, charge, or fine and any amount due the Association;
- b. notice that the Owner is entitled to a reasonable period to cure the violation and avoid the enforcement action, suspension, charge or fine;
- c. a specific date, which must be a reasonable period given the nature of the violation, by which the Owner must cure the violation. If the Owner cures the violation before the date specified, a fine may not be assessed for the violation;
- d. a notice that the Owner may request a hearing before the Board of Directors, such request to be made in writing on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day after the date the notice was mailed to the Owner; and
- e. notice that the Owner may have special rights or relief related to the enforcement action under federal law, including the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App. Section 501 *et seq.*), if the Owner is serving on active military duty.

**3.5. Hearing Requested** – If a hearing is properly requested by the Owner, the hearing will be held not later than the 30<sup>th</sup> day after the date the Association receives the Owner's written request for a hearing. Notification of the date, time and place of the hearing will be sent not later than the 10<sup>th</sup> day before the hearing. If a postponement of the hearing is requested by either the Association or the Owner, a postponement must be granted for a period of not more than ten (10) days. Any additional postponement may be granted by agreement of the parties. The hearing may be held by virtual or telephonic means, in which case the access information for the virtual or telephonic hearing shall be the "place" of the hearing for purposes of the notice.

**3.6 Hearing Packet** – The Board shall include with the hearing notice, a hearing packet containing all documents, photographs, and communications relating to the matter which the Board intends to introduce at the hearing. If the Board fails to provide the hearing packet to the Owner at least ten (10) days before the hearing, the Owner is entitled to an automatic fifteen (15) day postponement of the hearing.

**3.7 Conducting the Hearing** – During the hearing, a member of the Board or the Association's designated representative shall first present the Association's case against the Owner. An Owner, or an Owner's designated representative is then entitled to present the Owner's information and issues relevant to the dispute. The Board may ask questions of the Owner or designated representative. Additional information regarding the hearing process may be found in the Association's 209 Hearing Policy.

**3.8. Hearing Not Requested** – If a hearing is not properly requested by the Owner, the violation must be cured within the time frame set forth in the demand letter.

Fines, suspension of the right to use the Common Area, and other remedies available to the Association may be implemented after the expiration of the thirty (30) day time frame provided to the Owner to request a hearing.

**3.9. Remedies** – The Owner is liable for, and the Association may collect reimbursement of, reasonable attorney's fees and other reasonable costs incurred by the Association after the conclusion of a hearing, or, if a hearing is not requested, after the date by which the Owner must request a hearing. Additionally, the Association may, but is not obligated to, exercise any self help remedies set forth in the Declaration. Further, the right to use the Common Area may be suspended.

In addition to charging fines, as provided in Section 6, the Association reserves the right under the Governing Documents and under Texas law to file a suit for the recovery of damages and/or injunctive relief.

A notice of violation may also be recorded in the real property records if the violation is not cured within the specified time frame.

**Section 4. Enforcement – Uncurable Violations and/or Violations that Pose a Threat to Public Health or Safety.** Upon initial verification of an uncurable violation and/or threat to public health or safety, a demand letter may be sent to the Owner. The demand letter must be sent by certified mail or by any method of mailing for which evidence of mailing is provided by the United States Postal Service or a common carrier. The demand letter must be sent to the Owner's last known address as shown in the Association's records, as well as by any other method that the Board determines will cause the demand letter to be received by the Owner.

**4.1. Content of the Demand Letter** – The demand letter will include the following:

- a. a description of the violation that is the basis for the enforcement action, suspension action, charge, or fine and any amount due the Association;
- b. notice that the Owner may request a hearing before the Board of Directors, such request to be made in writing on or before the 30<sup>th</sup> day after the date the notice was mailed to the Owner; and
- c. notice that Owner may have special rights or relief related to the enforcement action under federal law, including the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. App. Section 501 et seq.), if the Owner is serving on active military duty.

**4.2. Hearing Requested** – If a hearing is properly requested by the Owner, the hearing must be held not later than the 30<sup>th</sup> day after the date the Association receives the Owner's written request for a hearing. Notification of the date, time and place of the hearing will be sent not later than the 10<sup>th</sup> day before the hearing. If a postponement of the hearing is requested by either the Association or the Owner, a postponement must be

granted for a period of not more than ten (10) days. Any additional postponement may be granted by agreement of the parties. The hearing may be held by virtual or telephonic means, in which case the access information for the virtual or telephonic hearing shall be the "place" of the hearing for purposes of the notice.

**4.3. Hearing Packet** – The Board shall include with the hearing notice, a hearing packet containing all documents, photographs, and communications relating to the matter which the Board intends to introduce at the hearing. If the Board fails to provide the hearing packet to the Owner at least ten (10) days before the hearing, the Owner is entitled to an automatic fifteen (15) day postponement of the hearing.

**4.4. Conducting the Hearing** – During the hearing, a member of the Board or the Association's designated representative shall first present the Association's case against the Owner. An Owner, or an Owner's designated representative is then entitled to present the Owner's information and issues relevant to the dispute. The Board may ask questions of the Owner or designated representative. Additional information regarding the hearing process may be found in the Association's 209 Hearing Policy.

**4.5. Remedies** – Regardless of whether the Owner requests a hearing, fines, suspension of the right to use the Common Area, and other remedies available to the Association may be implemented after mailing the demand letter. The Owner is liable for, and the Association may collect reimbursement of, reasonable attorneys' fees and other reasonable costs incurred by the Association. Additionally, the Association may, but is not obligated to, exercise any self help remedies set forth in the Declaration. Further, the right to use the Common Area may be suspended.

In addition to charging fines, the Association reserves the right under the Governing Documents and under Texas law, to file a suit for the recovery of damages and/or injunctive relief.

A notice of violation may also be recorded in the real property records should the violation not be cured within the specified time frame.

**Section 5. Subsequent Violation.** If an Owner has been given notice in accordance with Section 3 or Section 4 of this Policy in the preceding six (6) month period, notice is not required for the recurrence of the same or a similar violation. The Association may impose fines or suspend the Owner's right to use the Common Area without first sending another demand for compliance.

**Section 6. Fines.** Subject to the notice provisions set forth in Section 3 or Section 4 of this Policy, as applicable, the Association may, without further approval of or action needed by the Board other than the adoption of this Policy in the open session of a properly noticed Board meeting and filing this Policy in the applicable county records and in accordance with Section 209.0061 of the Texas Property Code, or its successor statute, impose reasonable monetary fines against an Owner in accordance with the below schedule until the violation is cured if of a curable

nature. Fines may be assessed for any violation of the Governing Documents, including but not limited to architectural violations, violations for using a lot in a prohibited manner, failure to take required action, and failure to maintain a lot or the structures thereon.

Pursuant to Section 202.008 of the Texas Property Code, No fines may be levied against an Owner for a violation of the Governing Documents that requires the Owner to plant or install grass or turf or maintain green vegetation or turf or prohibits discolored or brown vegetation on the Owner's Lot (1) during a period when the Owner's Lot is subject to a residential water restriction under which discolored or brown vegetation or turf could reasonably result; and (2) before the 60th day after the date an applicable residential watering restriction is lifted as defined in Section 202.008 of the Texas Property Code.

Pursuant to Section 209.0061 of the Texas Property Code, below is a schedule of fines for each general category of violation for which the Association may assess fines:

#### **Curable Violations**

<b>Notice</b>	<b>Time to Cure (estimate)</b>	<b>Fine Amount if not Cured</b>
Courtesy Notice (if sent)		No Charge
Violation Notice (if sent)		No Charge
Pre-Fine Notice (if sent)		No Charge
1 <sup>st</sup> Notice (Chapter 209 - Demand Letter)	30 days	\$50.00
2 <sup>nd</sup> Notice of Fine Letter	30 days	\$100.00
3 <sup>rd</sup> Notice of Fine Letter	30 days	\$200.00
Subsequent Notice of Fine Letters for the same or substantially similar violation	30 days	\$300.00

#### **Uncurable Violations and Violations Posing a Threat to Public Health or Safety**

<b>Notice</b>	<b>Time to Cure (estimate)</b>	<b>Fine Amount</b>
Fine Letter for Uncurable Violations or Violations that are a Threat to Public Health or Safety	N/A	\$300.00

Notwithstanding the foregoing and pursuant to Section 209.0061(c) of the Texas Property Code, the Board reserves the right to levy a fine from the schedule of fines that varies on a case-by-case basis. Specifically, the Board has sole and absolute discretion to set the amount of the fine (if any) as it reasonably relates to the violation of the Governing Documents, taking into account factors including, but not limited to, the severity of the violation and the number of Owners affected by the violation. Any adjustment to this fine schedule by the Board shall not be construed as a waiver of the fine schedule or the Governing Documents. Any fine levied by the Association is the personal obligation of the Owner.

I hereby certify that I am the duly elected and acting Secretary of the Association and that this Policy was approved by not less than a majority vote of the Board of Directors as set forth above and now appears in the books and records of the Association, to be effective upon recording in the Official Public Records of Real Property of Montgomery County, Texas.

TO CERTIFY which witness my hand this 20<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2025.

Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc.

By: Mary Jo Gillam

Printed: Mary Jo Gillam

Its: Secretary

THE STATE OF TEXAS

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COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY

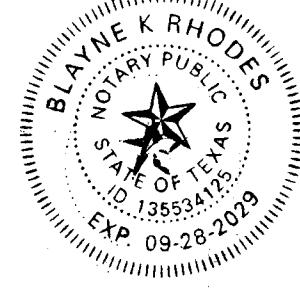
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BEFORE ME, the undersigned notary public, on this 20<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2025 personally appeared Mary Jo Gillam, Secretary of Wedgewood Property Owners Association, Inc., known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that he executed the same for the purpose and in the capacity therein expressed.

BR

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas



**E-FILED FOR RECORD**

11/24/2025 11:11AM



*L. Brandon Steinmann*

County Clerk,  
Montgomery County, Texas

STATE OF TEXAS,  
COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY

I hereby certify that this instrument was e-filed in the file number sequence on the date and time stamped herein by me and was duly e-RECORDED in the Official Public Records of Montgomery County, Texas.

**11/24/2025**



*L. Brandon Steinmann*

County Clerk,  
Montgomery County, Texas